



PERSONAL  
INJURY  
ATTORNEYS



# MEDICAL LIENS

## INFORMATIONAL PACKET

UPDATED

**2026**

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## I. Overview

### Why Medical Liens are an Important Tool for Your Personal Injury Practice

What happens if you have a personal injury patient with a claim for damages against a wrongdoer (in legal terms, a tortfeasor), but they find themselves in the following situations:

- The patient has no personal injury protection (PIP) or medical payments (Med Pay) coverage available?
- The patient has no health insurance, or their health insurance will not cover all or part of treatment in your clinic.
- The patient had PIP/Med Pay/health insurance, but the benefits have exhausted, and more treatment is needed?

If the patient's medical treatment is still reasonable, necessary, and related to the injury causing event, a properly completed and filed medical lien can ensure that you receive payment from the at-fault insurance company for the unpaid balance owed. If that insurance company settles with your patient and you have still not been paid for your services, the filed medical lien may force the insurance company to pay twice. First to your patient, and then again to you.

It is important that you use all available PIP and health insurance available to your personal injury patient before you move on to holding bills based on a medical lien. Medical liens are not a substitute for billing PIP, or health insurance once PIP exhausts, as primary first-party payment sources.

As a prerequisite to filing a medical lien, make sure that your clinic discloses to the patient that you use medical liens as part of your billing and collection practices (RCW 60.44.020(2)). This can be accomplished by adding language to your standard intake forms by disclosing this business practice at the time treatment begins.

Under RCW 60.44, a medical lien completed and filed in the county where the services were provided puts the tortfeasor's insurance company on notice that you are owed for services rendered to the wrongfully injured party (your patient). Keep the following points in mind to ensure that medical liens work correctly for your clinic:

- First, your lien must be filed before settlement occurs (RCW 60.44.020).
- Second, any lawsuit to enforce any unpaid lien must be initiated within one (1) year of your lien's filing date (RCW 60.44.060).
- Third, to be valid, your lien must meet all statutory requirements. The statutory requirements for completing the lien are simple. Most of the information will come from your patient and/or a police report on any automobile collision that injured the patient. The lien form must be filled out completely and accurately so that the tortfeasor's insurance company can find the lien when they search the County Auditor's records under their insured's name, date of loss, and/or your patient's name.
- Finally, it is crucial that you provide a copy of the filed lien to the at-fault insurance company so that they are on notice of the lien.

It is important to note that filing a medical lien may, in some circumstances, provide for only partial payment of your outstanding bill. The statute provides that “All said liens for services rendered to any one person as a result of one accident or event, shall not exceed 25% of the amount of an award, verdict, report, decision, decree, judgement or settlement.” If the case settles for \$10,000, and you have a lien for unpaid balance of \$2,500, you may be paid in full if there are no other lienholders. The insurance company should write you a check, or they may simply add your name as a payee on the settlement check. If you do not receive payment of your entire outstanding balance related to the injury causing event on a valid lien and your patient settles their claim, the patient is usually always responsible for the remaining amount.

Once you are paid on a medical lien or agree to accept a compromise amount to settle a lien, your clinic has 30 days to provide the patient with a release of all lien rights (RCW 60.44.060(2)). Although the statute does not require your clinic to file the release with the county auditor, we recommend that your clinic file it (and not pass the filing fee on to the patient) to avoid any issues with any expired but unreleased lien, which could negatively impact your patient or the tortfeasor in the future.

One last point to mention is that a valid and enforceable medical lien also gives you collection advantages in the event a patient with a large outstanding medical bill balance is forced to file personal bankruptcy. Without a medical lien, you are an unsecured general creditor (paid pennies on the dollar). With a valid medical lien at the time of your patient filing bankruptcy and taking the steps above, you become a secured creditor and should be paid upon resolution of the personal injury matter.

In summary, a properly completed and filed medical lien is the best way to ensure that the tortfeasor’s insurance company pays for your personal injury patient’s care that is not otherwise covered by PIP, Med Pay, or health insurance. If the insurance company gives the money for payment of your bills to your patient, and not directly to you, a lien is your best protection. If necessary, you can enforce the lien by pursuing a claim directly against the third-party insurance company.

## I. RCW 60.44.010 – 60.44.060

### RCW 60.44.010 | Liens Authorized

Every operator, whether private or public, of an ambulance service or of a hospital, and every duly licensed nurse, practitioner, physician, and surgeon rendering service, or transportation and care, for any person who has received a traumatic injury and which is rendered by reason thereof shall have a lien upon any claim, right of action, and/or money to which such person is entitled against any tort-feasor and/or insurer of such tort-feasor for the value of such service, together with costs and such reasonable attorney's fees as the court may allow, incurred in enforcing such lien: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That nothing in this chapter shall apply to any claim, right of action, or money accruing under the workers' compensation act of the state of Washington, and: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That all the said liens for service rendered to any one person as a result of any one accident or event shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the amount of an award, verdict, report, decision, decree, judgment, or settlement.

### RCW 60.44.020 | Notice of Lien - Contents - Filing

**No person shall be entitled to the lien given by RCW 60.44.010 unless such person:**

- (1) In any effort to enforce the lien, either attempts to enforce the lien on his or her own behalf or designates a collection agency licensed under chapter 19.16 RCW to collect on his or her behalf;
- (2) Discloses the person's use of liens under this chapter as part of the person's billing and collection practices; and
- (3) Within twenty days after the date of such injury or receipt of transportation or care, or, if settlement has not been accomplished and payment made to such injured person, then at any time before such settlement and payment, files for record with the county auditor of the county in which said service was performed, a notice of claim stating the name and address of the person claiming the lien and whether such person claims as a practitioner, physician, nurse, ambulance service, or hospital, the name and address of the patient and place of domicile or residence, the time when and place where the alleged fault or negligence of the tort-feasor occurred, and the nature of the injury if any, the name and address of the tort-feasor, if same or any thereof are known, which claim shall be subscribed by the claimant and verified before a person authorized to administer oaths.

### RCW 60.44.030 | Record of Claims

The county auditor shall record the claims mentioned in this chapter, which record must be indexed as deeds and other conveyances are required by law to be indexed.

### RCW 60.44.040 | Taking Note - Effect on Lien

The taking of a promissory note or other evidence of indebtedness for any services performed, as provided in this chapter, shall not discharge the lien therefore unless expressly received as a payment for such services and so specified therein.

### RCW 60.44.050 | Settlement of Damages - Effect on Lien

No settlement made by and between the patient and tortfeasor and/or insurer shall discharge the lien against any money due or owing by such tortfeasor or insurer to the patient or relieve the tortfeasor and/or insurer from liability by reason of such lien unless such settlement also provides for the payment and discharge of such lien or unless a written release or waiver of any such claim of lien, signed by the claimant, be filed in the court where any action has been commenced on such claim, or in case no action has been commenced against the tortfeasor and/or insurer, then such written release or waiver shall be delivered to the tortfeasor and/or insurer.

### RCW 60.44.060 | Enforcement of Lien-Payment as Evidence-Release of Lien

(1) Such lien may be enforced by a suit at law brought by the claimant or his or her assignee within one year after the filing of such lien against the said tortfeasor and/or insurer. In the event that such tortfeasor and/or insurer shall have made payment or settlement on account of such injury, the fact of such payment shall only for the purpose of such suit be prima facie evidence of the negligence of the tortfeasor and of the liability of the payer to compensate for such negligence.

(2) No more than thirty days after payment or settlement and acceptance of the amount due to the claimant or his or her assignee, the claimant or his or her assignee shall prepare and execute a release of all lien rights for which payment has been made and deliver the release to the patient. In any suit to compel deliverance of the release thereafter in which the court determines the delay was unjustified, the court shall, in addition to ordering the deliverance of the release, award the costs of the action including reasonable attorneys' fees and any damages.

## II. How to Complete a Lien for Medical Services

To complete a Notice of Claim of Lien for Medical Services properly, simply fill in the blanks on the lien form with the appropriate information as follows:

[1] “Claimant” in the Return Address box at the top of the form and as the first entry under the title needs to be completed with the name and address of the Healthcare Provider claiming the lien.

[2] “Patient” requires the name and address of the injured person to whom services are rendered for traumatic injuries caused by an accident.

[3] “Tortfeasor” requires the name and address of the person or entity responsible for the Patient’s injuries.

[4] “Insurer” requires the name of the Tortfeasor’s insurance company; also known as the “third party” insurance company.

[5] “Date and Time of Accident” needs to be filled in with as accurate of information as possible; note that the form already states “on or about.”

[6] “Location of Accident” again requires as accurate of information as possible; if the exact location is not known, then listing just the county would likely be sufficient.

[7] “Claim Number” of the third-party insurance company, if known. It is sufficient to put “unknown” if the information is not available. However, providing the claim number will assist the insurance company in making sure the lien gets to the proper file.

[8] “Nature of Injuries” only requires very general terms, for example “neck and back,” or “spinal muscular injuries.” Detailed diagnoses and codes should not be used here.

[9] The healthcare provider claiming the lien must sign the lien, and his or her signature must be done in the presence of a Notary Public for the lien to be valid.

### III. The Costs and Procedure to File a Lien for Medical Services

Currently, the cost to file a Lien for Medical Services is \$303.50 for the first page, and \$1.00 for each additional page. This filing fee usually changes annually, so it is a good idea to check with your county's auditor's office periodically to confirm the current cost. Your checks should be made payable to the county in which you are filing.

You now have the choice to file your lien on your own, or you can designate a collection agency licensed under RCW 19.16. There is no reason most healthcare providers cannot file a lien on their own.

You can either mail your lien or take it to the auditor's office to file over the counter. If you need a copy marked "received" immediately, you should either take an extra copy with you, or mail an extra copy with your original lien, along with a self-addressed, stamped envelope. If mailed, you will receive your copy in three or four days, and it will be stamped "received" by the Records Division, and it will have the date on it. The original will be returned to you within a week or so after it has been recorded and microfilmed.

Remember, it is imperative that you send a copy of your lien to the tortfeasor's insurance company, even if it is only the copy that is stamped "received" by the auditor's office, the copy to the insurance company puts it on notice of your lien. Also, it is important that you send the copy to the insurance company via **Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested**. The receipt card that you get back in the mail is as important a document as the lien itself: the receipt card is proof that the insurance company received notice of your lien.

#### Enforcement of a Lien

The medical lien statute provides that the lien is enforceable only if a lawsuit is commenced within one year of the date of filing the lien. Because of this time limitation, it is good practice to set up a system to recall the cases on which you have filed liens and periodically check the status of the case with the insurance company. If the claim is still pending after eleven months, it is recommended that another lien is filed on the same case to avoid any lapses of enforceability. If you find out that the claim was settled and your lien was not paid, **contact an attorney at GLP Attorneys immediately**. A lawsuit will have to be filed promptly to preserve your rights to enforce the lien against the insurance company.

Of course, if you have any questions about liens or other matters dealing with insurance or personal injury claims, call GLP Attorneys. One of our attorneys will be happy to answer your questions and address any concerns that you may have. We welcome your referrals, look forward to representing your patients' best interests, and appreciate your continuing confidence in our law firm.

## IV. Where to File a Medical Lien

The lien must be filed for recording with the Auditor of the county in which the health-care services were performed. You should send the original and one (1) copy of the lien to your county Auditor.

<https://sao.wa.gov/about-sao/office-locations>

### [Benton County - Kennewick](#)

Benton County Auditor  
7122 W Okanogan Place, Suite E120  
Kennewick, WA 99336  
(509) 736-2727  
[auditor@co.benton.wa.us](mailto:auditor@co.benton.wa.us)

### [Chelan County](#)

Chelan County Auditor Recording Department  
350 Orondo Avenue, Suite 202  
P.O. Box 400  
Wenatchee, WA 98807  
(509) 667-6800  
[Recording@co.chelan.wa.us](mailto:Recording@co.chelan.wa.us)

### [Douglas County](#)

Douglas County Auditor  
213 S. Rainier  
P.O. Box 456  
Waterville, WA 98858  
(509) 745-8527  
[tduvall@co.douglas.wa.us](mailto:tduvall@co.douglas.wa.us)

### [Grant County](#)

Grant County Auditor  
35 C Street NW  
P.O. Box 37  
Ephrata, WA 98823  
(509) 754-2014  
[mjaderlund@grantcountywa.gov](mailto:mjaderlund@grantcountywa.gov)

### [King County](#)

King County Recording Office  
201 S Jackson Street  
Suite 204  
Seattle, WA 98104  
(206) 477-6620  
[kcrocust@kingcounty.gov](mailto:kcrocust@kingcounty.gov)

### [Benton County - Prosser](#)

Benton County Auditor  
620 Market Street  
Prosser, WA 99350  
(509) 736-2727  
[auditor@co.benton.wa.us](mailto:auditor@co.benton.wa.us)

### [Clark County](#)

Clark County Auditor  
1300 Franklin Street, Suite 575  
P.O. Box 5000  
Vancouver, WA 98660  
(360) 397-2310  
[recording@clark.wa.gov](mailto:recording@clark.wa.gov)

### [Franklin County](#)

Franklin County Auditor  
1016 N. Fourth Avenue  
P.O. Box 1451  
Pasco, WA 99301  
(509) 545-3502  
[RecordingMail@franklincountywa.gov](mailto:RecordingMail@franklincountywa.gov)

### [Island County](#)

Island County Auditor  
1 NE 7<sup>th</sup> Street  
Administration Building  
Coupeville, WA 98239  
(360) 679-7366  
[s.crider@co.island.wa.us](mailto:s.crider@co.island.wa.us)

### [Kitsap County](#)

Kitsap County Auditor-County Clerk  
619 Division Street  
3<sup>rd</sup> Floor  
Port Orchard, WA 98366-4678  
(360) 337-7129  
[auditor@co.kitsap.wa.us](mailto:auditor@co.kitsap.wa.us)

### Lewis County

Lewis County Auditor  
351 NW North Street  
P.O. Box 29  
Chehalis, WA 98532  
(360) 740-1156

### Pierce County

Recording Department  
2401 South 35th Street  
Room 200  
Tacoma, WA 98409-7484  
(253) 798-7427  
[Auditor@PierceCountyWa.gov](mailto:Auditor@PierceCountyWa.gov)

### Skagit County

Recording Department, Room 201  
700 S. Second Street  
P.O. Box 1306  
Mount Vernon, WA 98273  
(360) 416-1700  
[screcording@co.skagit.wa.us](mailto:screcording@co.skagit.wa.us)

### Spokane County

Recording Department  
1116 West Broadway Avenue, Floor 2  
Spokane, WA 99260  
(509) 477-2270

### Walla Walla County

Walla Walla County Auditor  
315 West Main Street, Room 201  
P.O. Box 1856  
Walla Walla, WA 99362  
(509) 524 2549  
[auditor@co.walla-walla.wa.us](mailto:auditor@co.walla-walla.wa.us)

### Yakima County

Yakima County Auditor  
128 N Second Street  
Suite 117  
Yakima, WA 98901  
(509) 574-1400  
[askYCAuditor@co.yakima.wa.us](mailto:askYCAuditor@co.yakima.wa.us)

### Mason County

Mason County Auditor  
411 N 5th Street  
PO Box 400  
Shelton, WA 98584  
(360) 427-9670 ext. 468  
[Recordingstaff@masoncountywa.gov](mailto:Recordingstaff@masoncountywa.gov)

### San Juan County

San Juan County Auditor  
350 Court Street, First Floor  
P.O. Box 638  
Friday Harbor, WA 98250  
(360) 378-2161  
[auditor@sanjuanco.com](mailto:auditor@sanjuanco.com)

### Snohomish County

Recording Division  
3000 Rockefeller Ave  
M/S 505  
Everett, WA 98201  
(425) 388-3483  
[auditor@soco.org](mailto:auditor@soco.org)

### Thurston County

Thurston County Auditor  
3000 Pacific Avenue SE  
Olympia, WA 98501  
(360) 786-5224  
[TCAuditor@co.thurston.wa.us](mailto:TCAuditor@co.thurston.wa.us)

### Whatcom County

Whatcom County Auditor  
311 Grand Avenue  
Suite 103  
Bellingham, WA 98225  
(360) 778-5100  
[recording@co.whatcom.wa.us](mailto:recording@co.whatcom.wa.us)  
[auditor@co.whatcom.wa.us](mailto:auditor@co.whatcom.wa.us)

**Return Address:**

[CLAIMANT'S NAME]  
 [CLAIMANT'S ADDRESS]  
 [CLAIMANT'S ADDRESS]

**NOTICE OF CLAIM OF LIEN FOR MEDICAL SERVICES**

<b>CLAIMANT:</b>	Name Title Address	<i>Must be a licensed health care practitioner under the laws of the State of Washington.</i>
<b>PATIENT:</b>	Name Address/ Residence	<i>A person who has received traumatic injuries for which Claimant has rendered services.</i>
<b>TORTFEASOR:</b>	Name Address	<i>A person or entity against whom Patient has a claim or right of action for traumatic injury.</i>
<b>INSURER:</b>	Name, Address	<i>The insurer for Tortfeasor against whom Patient has a claim or right of action for traumatic injury.</i>

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the above-named Claimant, whose signature is subscribed below, has rendered services and care for traumatic injuries suffered by the above-named Patient and caused by the alleged fault or negligence of the above-named Tortfeasor occurring on or about [DATE AND TIME OF ACCIDENT] at or near [LOCATION OF ACCIDENT]. Tortfeasor was insured by the above-named Insurer, which has Patient's claim or right of action pending under claim number [CLAIM NUMBER]. Claimant hereby claims a lien pursuant to RCW 60.44.010, et seq., for the value of said services and care for traumatic injuries suffered by Patient, which are generally described as [NATURE OF INJURIES].

I declare under the penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of Washington that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge after reasonable inquiry.

State of Washington \_\_\_\_\_ [CLAIMANT HEALTH CARE PROVIDER]

County of \_\_\_\_\_

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

(Notary Seal)

\_\_\_\_\_  
 NOTARY PUBLIC

My commission expires \_\_\_\_\_

**Return Address:**

[CLAIMANT'S NAME]  
[CLAIMANT'S ADDRESS]  
[CLAIMANT'S ADDRESS]

**NOTICE OF SATISFACTION OF LIEN FOR MEDICAL SERVICES**

<b>CLAIMANT:</b>	Name Title Address	<i>Must be a licensed health care practitioner under the laws of the State of Washington.</i>
<b>PATIENT:</b>	Name Address/ Residence	<i>A person who has received traumatic injuries for which Claimant has rendered services.</i>
<b>TORTFEASOR:</b>	Name Address	<i>A person or entity against whom Patient has a claim or right of action for traumatic injury.</i>
<b>INSURER:</b>	Name, Address	<i>The insurer for Tortfeasor against whom Patient has a claim or right of action for traumatic injury.</i>

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the below-described lien, filed by the above-named Claimant, has been satisfied to the extent required under RCW 60.44.010, et seq., and all persons or entities above-named are discharged thereunder.

Date Filed: \_\_\_\_\_ County of Record: \_\_\_\_\_

Auditor's Record Number: \_\_\_\_\_

I declare under the penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of Washington that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge after reasonable inquiry.

State of Washington

[CLAIMANT HEALTH CARE PROVIDER]

County of \_\_\_\_\_

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

(Notary Seal)

\_\_\_\_\_  
NOTARY PUBLIC

My commission expires \_\_\_\_\_

[DATE]

[INSURANCE COMPANY]

[ADDRESS]

[ADDRESS]

**SENT VIA CERTIFIED MAIL**

**Return Receipt Requested**

**NOTICE OF CLAIM OF LIEN FOR MEDICAL SERVICES**

RE: Patient : [PATIENT'S NAME]  
Insured : [TORTFEASOR'S NAME]  
Claim No. : [CLAIM NUMBER]  
Date of Loss : [DATE OF ACCIDENT]

Dear [ADJUSTER'S NAME]:

Please find enclosed a copy of the Notice of Claim of Lien for Medical Services filed with the County Auditor in the above-captioned matter. A copy has been provided to you as direct notice that this lien has been filed pursuant to RCW 60.44.010, et seq., which specifically provides as follows:

No settlement made by and between the patient and tortfeasor and/or insurer shall discharge the lien against any money due or owing by such tortfeasor or insurer to the patient or relieve the tortfeasor and/or insurer from liability by reason of such lien unless such settlement also provides for the payment and discharge of such lien or unless a written release or waiver of any such claim of lien, signed by the claimant, be filed in the Court where any action has been commenced on such claim, or in case no action has been commenced against the tortfeasor and/or insurer, then such written release or waiver shall be delivered to the tortfeasor and/or insurer. [RCW 60.44.050]

Please note that, upon resolution of the above-named patient's claim, our office will expect to receive payment directly for service rendered relative to injuries sustained in the accident. We suggest you contact our office for a balance due prior to settlement of the patient's claim. If your insurance company proceeds with settlement without honoring our lien, we will proceed with legal action to enforce our lien and will seek reasonable attorney's fees and costs as provided under RCW 60.44.010.

Thank you for your attention to this matter. We will be contacting you periodically for a status of the claim.

Sincerely,

[Health Care Provider's Name]

[DATE]

[INSURANCE COMPANY]

[ADDRESS]

[ADDRESS]

RE: Patient : [PATIENT'S NAME]  
Insured : [TORTFEASOR'S NAME]  
Claim No. : [CLAIM NUMBER]  
Date of Loss : [DATE OF ACCIDENT]

Dear [ADJUSTER'S NAME]:

Please advise as to the status of the above-captioned claim. As your file reflects, we forwarded a copy of the Notice of Claim of Lien for Medical Services filed with the County Auditor in this matter, putting you on direct notice of our claim. For your convenience, we have enclosed another copy of our lien.

Please be reminded that, upon resolution of the above-named patient's claim, our office will expect to receive payment directly for service rendered relative to injuries sustained in the accident. We suggest you contact our office for a balance due prior to settlement of the patient's claim.

Thank you for your attention to this matter. We look forward to hearing from you on the status of the claim.

Sincerely,

[Health Care Provider's Name]

[DATE]

[INSURER/PATIENT/TORTFEASOR]

[ADDRESS]

[ADDRESS]

**SATISFACTION FOR LIEN FOR MEDICAL SERVICES**

RE: Patient : [PATIENT'S NAME]  
Insured : [TORTFEASOR'S NAME]  
Date of Loss : [DATE OF COLLISION]  
County of Record : [COUNTY FILED IN]  
Auditor's Record No : [RECORD NUMBER]

Dear [ADDRESSEE]:

Please find enclosed the Satisfaction of Lien for Medical Services prepared in the above captioned matter. This document may be filed with the Auditor's Office of the County indicated to remove it from the records. A suit at law was not commenced within one year after the filing date, which makes the Lien unenforceable. However, the Auditor's Office requires filing a Satisfaction of Lien to remove it from the County's record.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

[Healthcare Provider's Name]

**SAMPLE LANGUAGE AS PART OF DISCLOSURE REGARDING  
USE OF MEDICAL LIENS AS PART OF BILLING AND COLLECTION PRACTICES**

*Amend as needed or desired.*

I understand that for treatment provided by [CLINIC] related to an automobile collision, primary first party insurance is with Personal Injury Protection (PIP) Insurance for the car I was driving, riding in as a passenger, or struck by as a pedestrian/bicyclist. I understand and authorize [CLINIC] to bill PIP and authorize the release of any information acquired in the course of my examination and treatment in accordance with HIPAA privacy regulations.

Should PIP insurance not be available, exhaust or terminate for any reason, I authorize [CLINIC] to bill any applicable health insurance I may have available, subject to any contract [CLINIC] may have with such carrier. I understand and authorize [CLINIC] to bill health insurance, if applicable, and authorize the release of any information acquired in the course of my examination and treatment in accordance with HIPAA privacy regulations.

I authorize [CLINIC] to file a medical lien against any applicable third-party insurance settlement pursuant to RCW 60.44.010, et seq. I understand I may then be asked to make minimum monthly payments on any balance owed. I understand and acknowledge that in the event a medical lien is filed, and that if the lien is paid or settled, I will be provided with an original, written Satisfaction of Lien and I am responsible for filing the Satisfaction of Lien with the County Auditor and for paying the filing fee costs associated with filing any such Satisfaction of Lien. I further understand that payment of any medical lien, in some circumstances, may not fully pay my outstanding financial charges due to [CLINIC] for treatment provided, and I may be required to make additional payments after satisfaction of a lien.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_, at \_\_\_\_\_, Washington.

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_ [PATIENT]

Date of Automobile Collision: \_\_\_\_\_